1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to flood damage prevention; providing 3 a short title; creating s. 553.845, F.S.; providing 4 legislative findings; providing definitions; providing 5 specified maximum voluntary freeboard requirements for 6 all new construction and substantial improvements to 7 existing construction; prohibiting voluntary freeboard 8 from being used in the calculation of the maximum 9 allowable height for certain construction in 10 applicable zoning districts; authorizing local 11 governments to adopt by ordinance a minimum freeboard 12 requirement or a maximum voluntary freeboard that 13 exceeds the minimum requirements in the Florida 14 Building Code or established in this act; requiring 15 the Florida Building Commission to develop and adopt 16 by rule minimum freeboard requirements by a specified 17 date, which shall take immediate effect, and to 18 incorporate such requirements into the next edition of 19 the Florida Building Code; requiring the commission to review the freeboard requirements in the Florida 20 21 Building Code every 5 years beginning on a specified 22 date and make certain recommendations to the 23 Legislature; providing an effective date. 24

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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26 27 This act may be cited as the "Flood Damage 28 Prevention Act of 2023." 29 Section 2. Section 553.845, Florida Statutes, is created 30 to read: 31 553.845 Flood damage prevention. -32 (1) The Legislature finds that: The state is vulnerable to the adverse effects of 33 34 flooding resulting from the frequency and intensity of rainfall 35 and an increase in storm surge and sea level rise. These adverse 36 effects pose a significant risk to existing and future 37 structures in the state. (b) Public and private investments in our communities are 38 39 important for economic growth, and protecting all structures 40 from flooding is essential to maintaining resilient communities. 41 The mitigation of property damage constitutes a valid 42 and recognized objective of the Florida Building Code. 43 (d) It is important to develop a consistent, statewide 44 approach to minimizing flooding in the state to mitigate 45 property damage and encourage continued investment in our 46 communities. (e) Minimum freeboard requirements are critical to 47 48 addressing the devastating effects of flooding, and delaying the 49 adoption and implementation of such requirements constitutes a threat to the health, safety, and welfare of the state. 50

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(2) For purposes of this section, the term:

- (a) "Coastal high-hazard area" means a special flood

  hazard area along the coast, as delineated by a Flood Insurance

  Rate Map issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, that
  has additional hazards due to wind and wave action.
- (b) "Freeboard" means the additional height, usually expressed as a factor of safety in feet, above the base flood elevation in determining the level at which a structure's lowest floor or the bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member must be elevated in accordance with floodplain management regulations and the Florida Building Code. If a base flood elevation is not determined for a structure that is not located in a special flood hazard area as designated by a Flood Insurance Rate Map issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the term "freeboard" means the highest adjacent grade at the foundation of a structure.
- (c) "Maximum allowable height" means the maximum height allowed for a structure in the applicable zoning district.
- (d) "Substantial improvement" has the meaning as in s. 161.54(12).
- (e) "Voluntary freeboard" means the additional height above the freeboard required by floodplain management regulations and the Florida Building Code. If freeboard is not required by floodplain management regulations and the Florida Building Code, the term "voluntary freeboard" means the

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additional height above the highest adjacent grade at the foundation of a structure.

- (3) (a) The maximum voluntary freeboard for all new construction and substantial improvements to existing construction, whether residential, commercial, industrial, or nonresidential, is 4 feet.
- (b) Within a coastal high-hazard area, the maximum voluntary freeboard for all new construction and substantial improvements to existing construction, whether residential, commercial, industrial, or nonresidential, is 9 feet.
- (4) For all new construction of a residential structure and substantial improvements to an existing residential structure, including a manufactured home, or an existing commercial, industrial, or nonresidential structure, voluntary freeboard may not be used in the calculation of the maximum allowable height for the structure.
- (5) A local government may adopt by ordinance a minimum freeboard requirement or a maximum voluntary freeboard that exceeds the requirements in the Florida Building Code or established in this section.
- (6) The commission shall develop and adopt by rule minimum freeboard requirements by November 1, 2023, which shall take immediate effect, and shall incorporate such requirements into the next edition of the Florida Building Code.
  - (7) Beginning in January 2028, and every 5 years

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thereafter, the commission shall review the freeboard
requirements in the Florida Building Code and make
recommendations to the Legislature regarding any necessary
revisions to such requirements.
Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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